Development and Implementation of a Scholarship Capacity-Building Series for County-Based Faculty

Engagement Scholarship Consortium Denver, Colorado October 8, 2019



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History and Situation

- 300+ County-Based Public Service Faculty
- Increased desire for scholarly products
- Administrative desire, but lack of training and development



Needs Assessment

- Perceptions of Scholarship Among County-Based Extension Faculty
 - Survey Administered to Youth Development and Family and Consumer Sciences Faculty (n=79)
 - 4 Focus Groups Followed
- 90% of respondents eligible for promotion
- Participants ranked perceived skill and ability as low in many tools and concepts that may be important for meaningful involvement in community-engaged research
- Focus Groups featured the challenge of time



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Needs Assessment

Perceived skill and ability in areas of Extension-related scholarly work (N = 79) ¹			
Domain of skill and ability	Mean	SD	95% CI
Grant proposal development and grants	2.48	0.86	(2.27, 2.66)
administration			
Extension publication development ²	2.57	0.84	(2.39, 2.77)
Research methods and peer-reviewed research	2.60	0.80	(2.41, 2.77)
publications			
Conference proposals and presentations	2.75	0.95	(2.50, 2.92)
Outreach Program Curriculum development	3.39	0.90	(3.17, 3.57)
Program delivery	4.17	0.51	(4.06, 4.29)

- Perceived skill/ability in each domain ranked on a scale of 1 (None at all) to 5 (A great deal)
- 2. N = 78



Needs Assessment Self-reported understanding of research methods and tools (N = 79)¹ Research method or tool 95% CI IBM SPSS 1.80 1.20 (1.53, 2.07)Statistical analysis 2.35 1.22 (2.08, 2.63) Program fidelity² 2.40 1.32 (2.10, 2.70)University supported survey software 2.56 1.28 (2.27, 2.84) Quantitative research methods (2.44, 3.01) Qualitative research methods 2.78 1.36 (2.38, 3.09)Data collection tools 2.81 1.21 (2.54, 3.08)Microsoft Excel 3.22 1.24 (2.94, 3.49) **Program evaluation** 1 12 (3.42, 3.92)Perceived understanding in each domain ranked on a scale of 1 (Poor or Not familiar with this term) to 5 N = 77 UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA **EXTENSION**

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Development of the Workshop Series

- Technical Skills
- · Dedicated Time
- Extended Period of Dedication
- Small Learning Community
- September
- March
- June
- September (added after initial planning)



Development of the Workshop Series

- 3 Dedicated Workshop Periods
 - Athens, Georgia
 - Rock Eagle 4-H Center
 - Rock Eagle 4-H Center
- Three Days, Two Nights
 - · Meals and Lodging Provided
- Funding Provided by the Extension Director's Innovation Fund (\$10,000)



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Workshop Series

- Workshop One
 - Qualitative Research Primer
 - Using Atlas.ti
 - Research v Evaluation
 - Using Research to Determine Impact
 - Human Subjects Research and Institutional Review Board
 - Journal Article Review
- Deliverables:
 - Brainstorm a project
- Develop an IRB application



Workshop Series

- Workshop Two
 - Literature Review
 - UGA Libraries Support for Geographically Dispersed Faculty
 - Authorship
 - Tools for Scholarly Work (audio/video recording, transcription, Qualtrics, EndNote, SPSS, etc)
- Deliverables:
 - Finalize project
 - Submission of an IRB application previously completed



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Workshop Series

- Workshop Three
 - Advanced Topics and Reattacks
- Deliverables:
 - Project Work
 - Presentation to Extension Administration



Workshop Series

- Workshop Four
- Deliverables:
 - Project Work
 - Journal Article / Other Scholarly Products



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Results

- Three journal article submissions (1 acceptance to date)
- Three workshop sessions
- Six poster presentations
- One USDA (\$350k) grant acceptance
- \bullet One new statewide program and accepted logic model



Impact

- Increased confidence in not only the process of scholarly product development but also in the promotion process
- Reinforced why they are faculty members



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Impact

I'm not scared to death of it now. I also have a better understand of how it can fit into the County Extension program.



Impact

I have always been a big believer in research but never saw it as a viable option for county 4-H agents to conduct research....Unlike agricultural agents who have an opportunity to work with quantitative research trials, I felt most of the work done at the county level in 4-H did not easily lend itself to quantitative research. This experience has taught me a lot about qualitative research and how 4-H agents can conduct qualitative research in working with youth.



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Impact

By participating in multiple sessions with the three State Specialists and seven other Extension Agents, this training provided me the opportunity to gain skills to conduct research on my own in the future. This has been the most meaningful and useful training I have participated in throughout my Extension career.



So What Now and Lessons Learned

- Remaining Barrier: TIME
- One Year Break for the 3 State Specialists
 - Time Intensive for Us
 - Supporting the Continued Work of the 8 County Faculty
- Publishing Our Own Work
- Supporting New Cohort in 2020-2022 with the 8 as mentors through the process
- Reduction in Costs
- · Facilities Matter



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